

STRENGTHENING GLOBAL COLLECTIVE CIVIL PROTECTION CAPACITY

3rd IDRiM Café

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27th August 2021





OVERVIEW EUROPEAN UNION CIVIL PROTECTION MECHANISM

WHY WE ACT?

TREATY OF THE FUNCTIONING
OF THE EUROPEAN UNION – ARTICLE

214

“To provide...assistance and relief and protection for people in third countries... victims of natural or man-made disasters”

“...encourage cooperation between Member States for preventing and protecting against natural or man-made disasters”

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TREATY OF THE FUNCTIONING OF THE
EUROPEAN UNION – ARTICLE

EU CIVIL PROTECTION MECHANISM (UCPM)

When an emergency overwhelms national response capacities,
the [EU Civil Protection Mechanism](#)
enables a coordinated assistance by

all EU Member States



6 Participating States



UCPM: FUNDAMENTALS

- **Responsibility:** States are responsible for the security and the safety of their citizens
- **Solidarity:** Member States have the responsibility to support other disaster-affected Member States when requested
- **Call for assistance:** Member States and third countries can call for assistance when overwhelmed by a disaster. After needs identification, they are responsible for the reception and use of foreign assistance
- **Voluntary:** The level of support is determined by the Member State providing assistance
- **Commission as facilitator:** EU supports preparation, facilitates cooperation, coordination and complements Member States





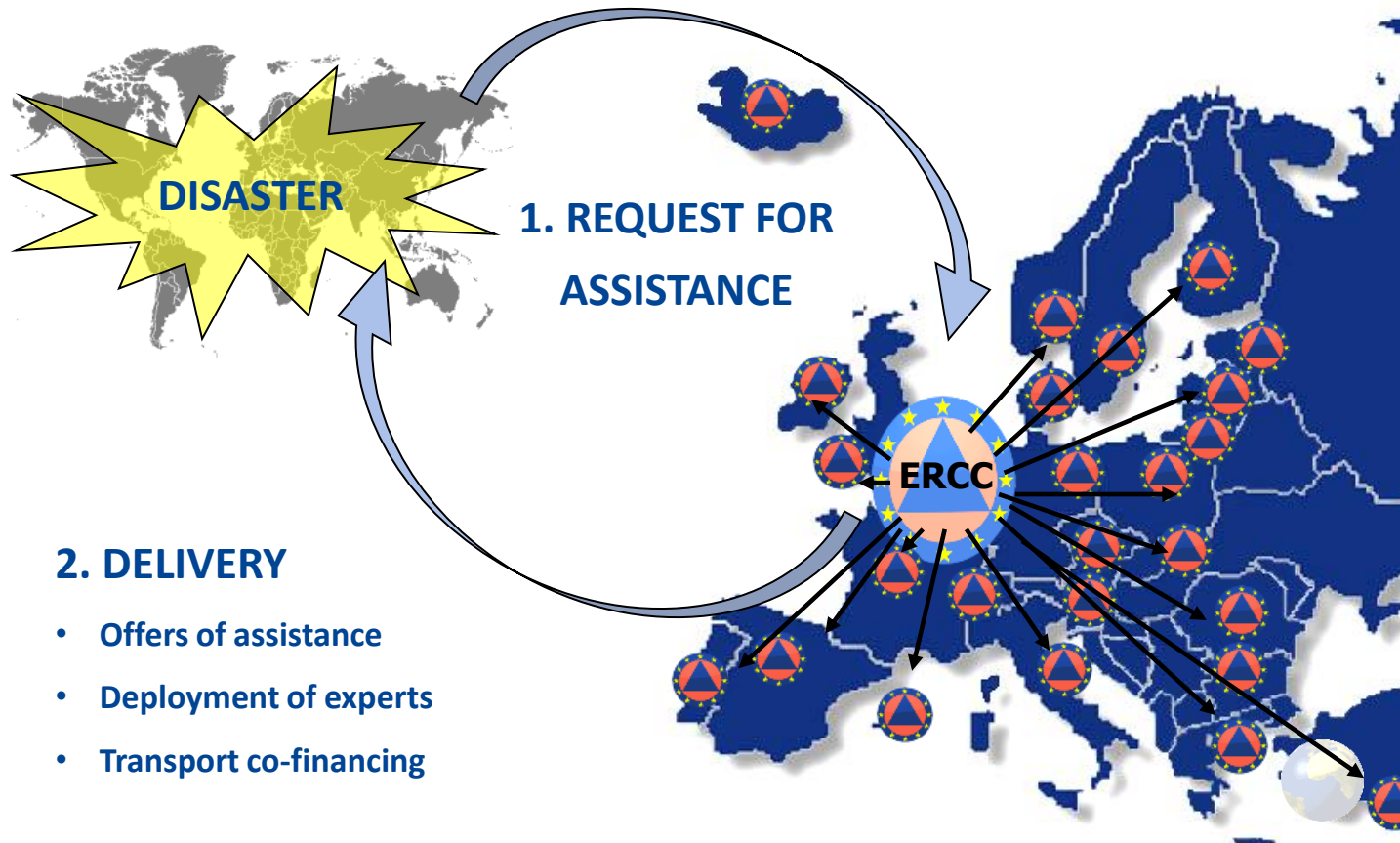
UCPM - dimensions

Prevention: Support Member and Participating States in preventing risks or reducing harm to people, the environment or property resulting from emergencies

Preparedness: Training, exercises, exchanges of experts, modules

Response: Facilitate cooperation and coordination in responding to disasters inside and outside the EU

UCPM ACTIVATION



Emergency Response Coordination Centre (ERCC)



Monitors disasters
around the globe



Maps disaster
risks



Provides real-time
information



Coordinates joint
European
response
operations



EU RESPONSE SOLUTIONS



UCPM evolution

Trigger:

Legal acts:

Main content:



2010 Commission Communication on the 2007-2009 Evaluation + Financial perspective 2014-2020



- Creation of European Civil Protection Modules
- Possibility of co-financing of transport assistance
- Clarification of Presidency role on interventions outside EU

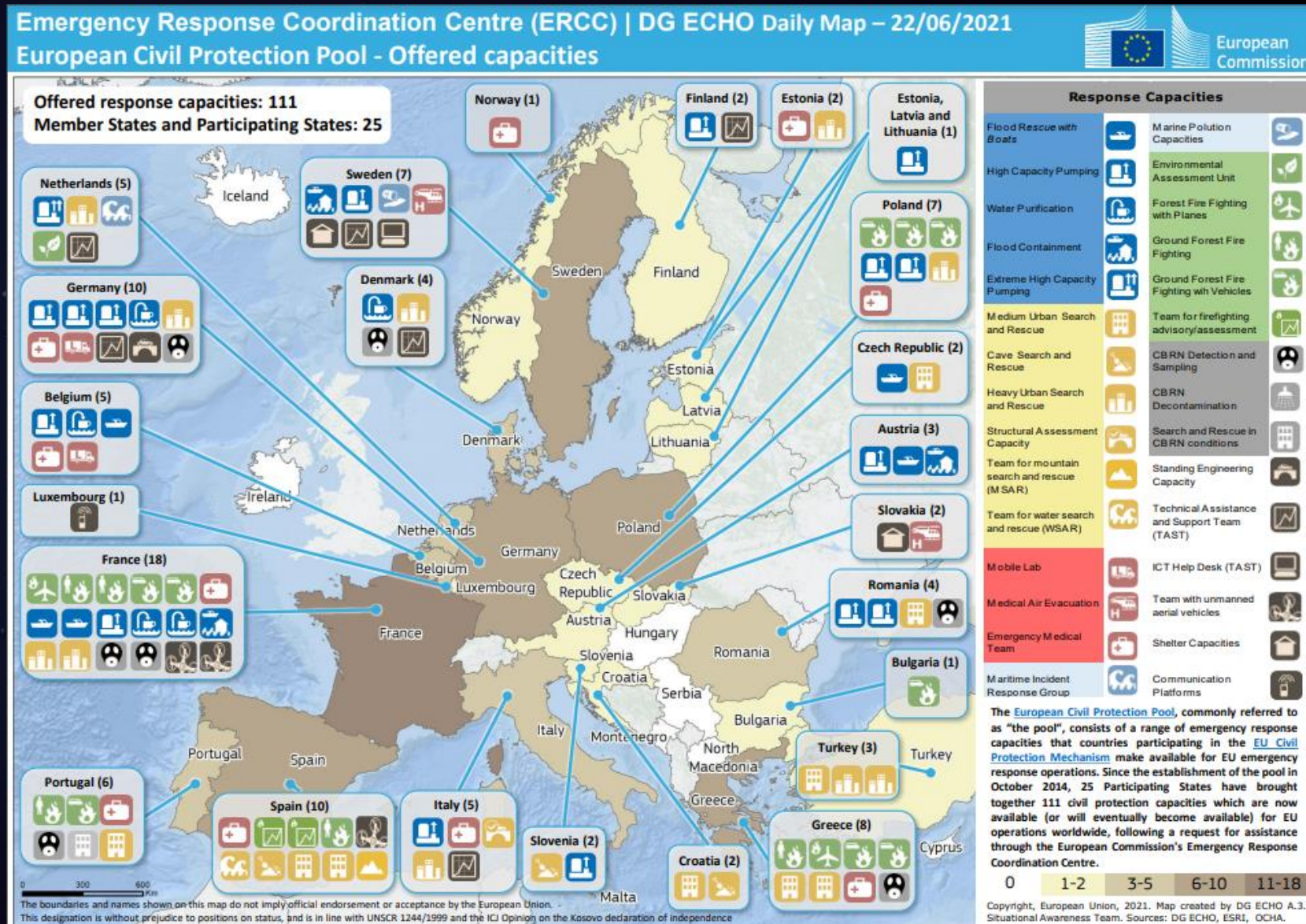
- European Emergency Response Capacity (voluntary pool)
- Merge 2 Council Decisions: CP Mechanism and CP Financial Instrument
- Simplified procedures for pooling and co-financing of transport assistance
- Simplified rules for activations of the Mechanism in third countries

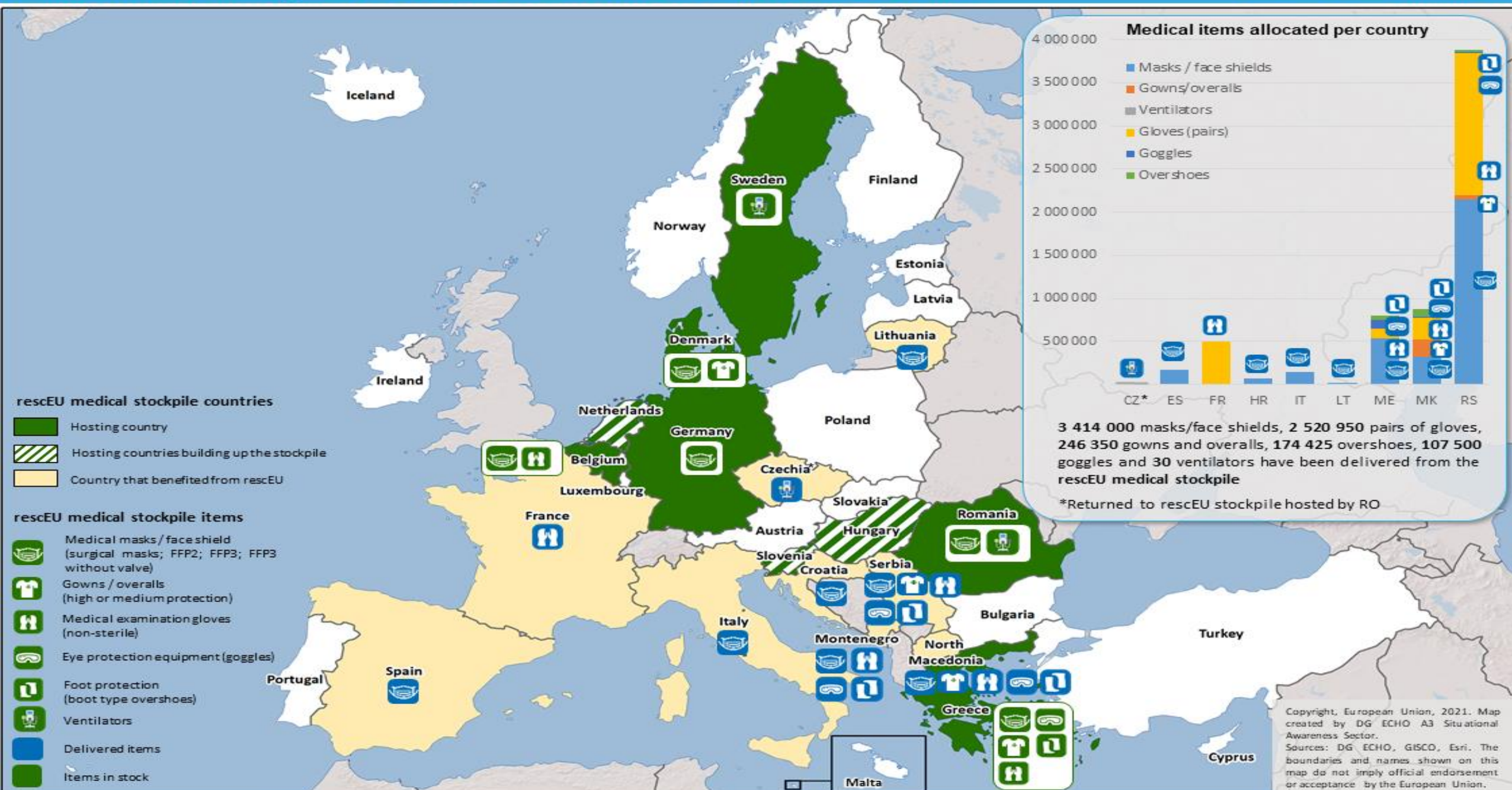
- Creation of RescEU (and transitional provisions)
- European CP Pool
- Union Civil Protection Knowledge Network
- Visibility and awards
- Lo-Hi risks

- RescEU reinforcement
- Disaster Resilience Goals
- Budget with flexibility margin

European Civil Protection Pool

- ECPP is a reserve of resources committed by European states to respond to disasters inside and outside the EU
- The Pool was established in 2013. Resources can be experts, equipment and transportation services. To date, 25 European countries contribute to the Pool
- The Pool allows for a more predictable, pre-planned and quality-checked European response.



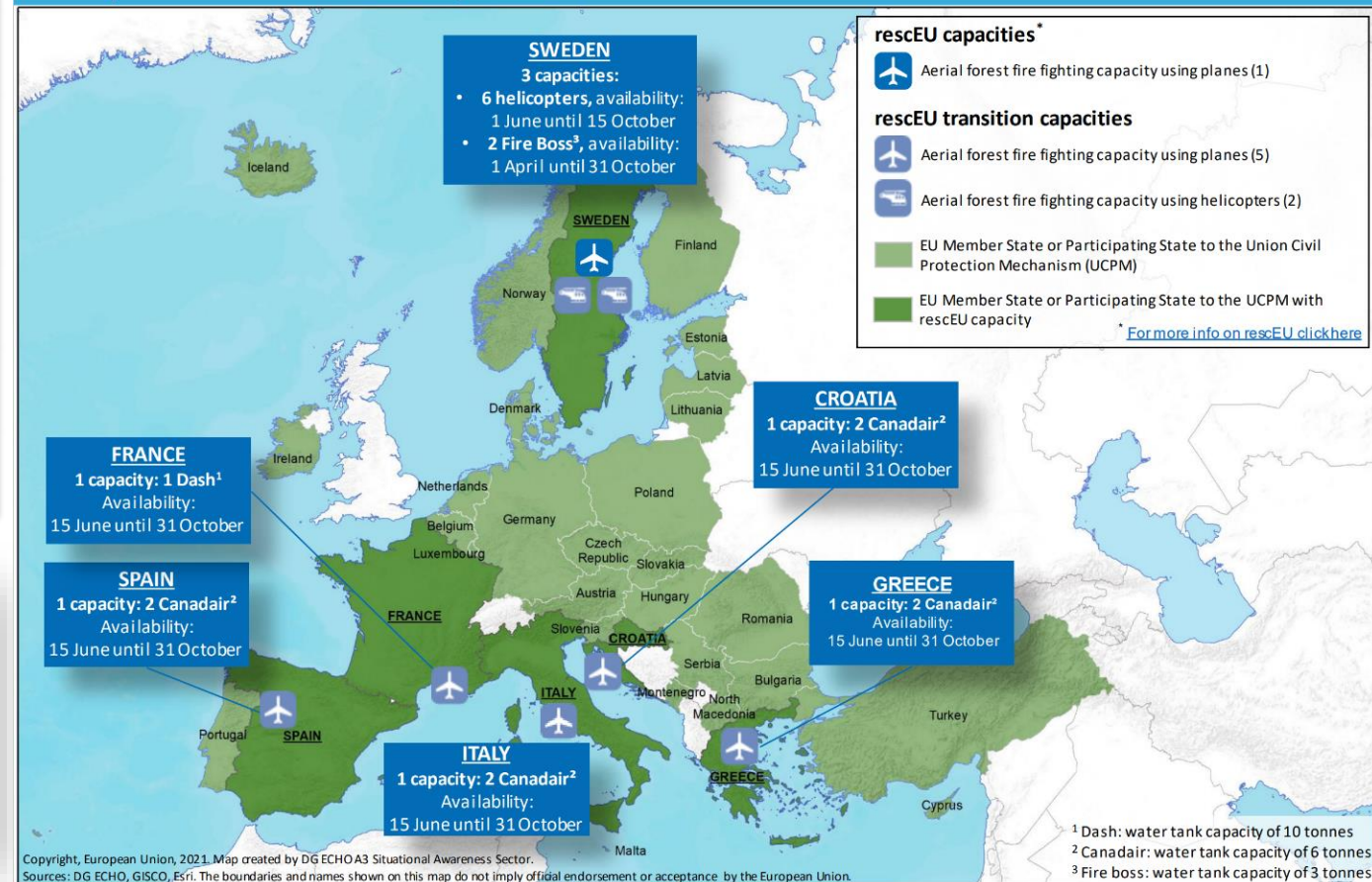


FF Capacities available (ECPP & rescEU)

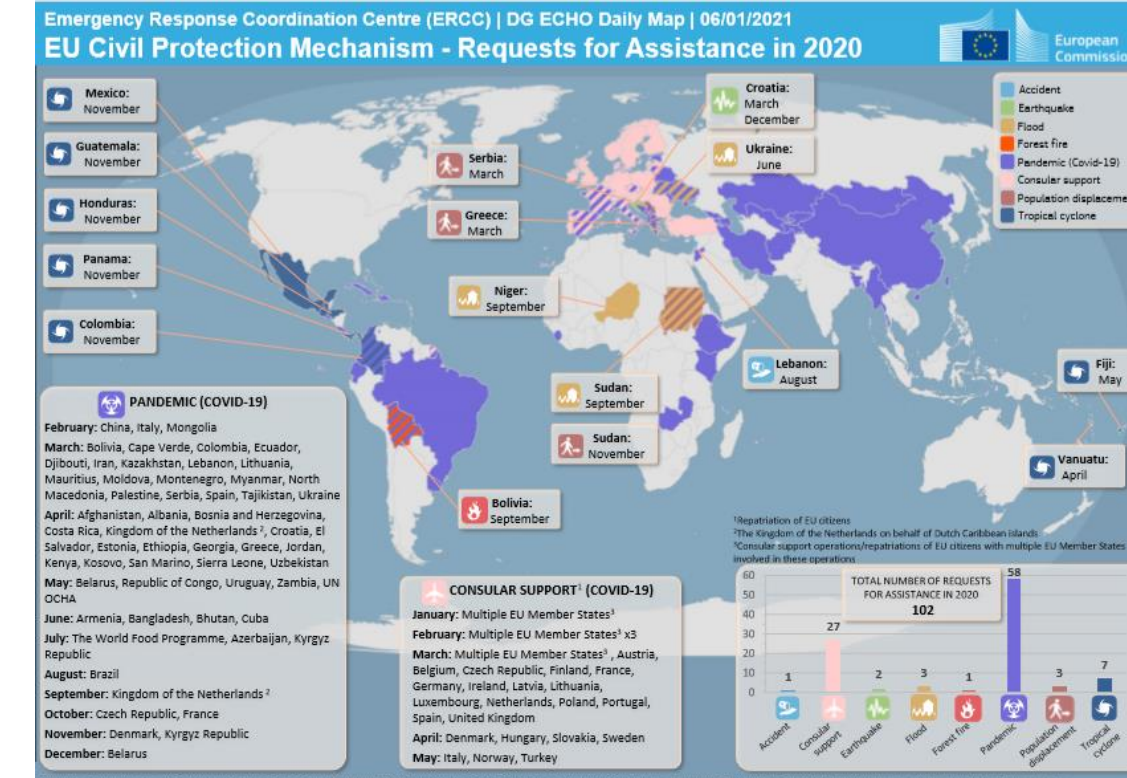
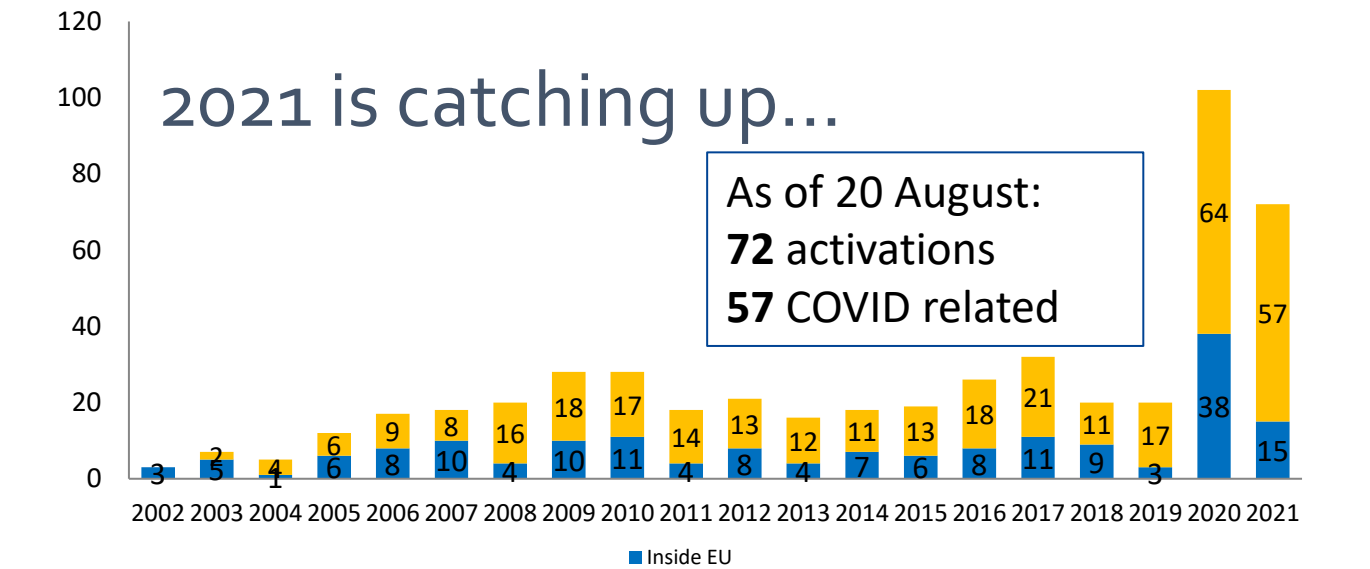
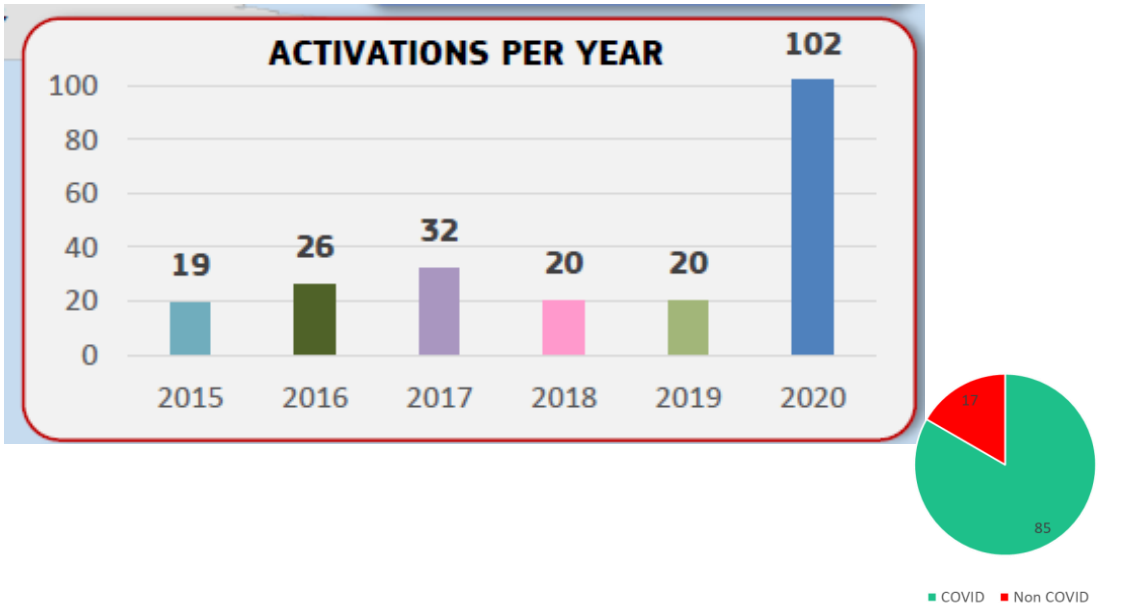
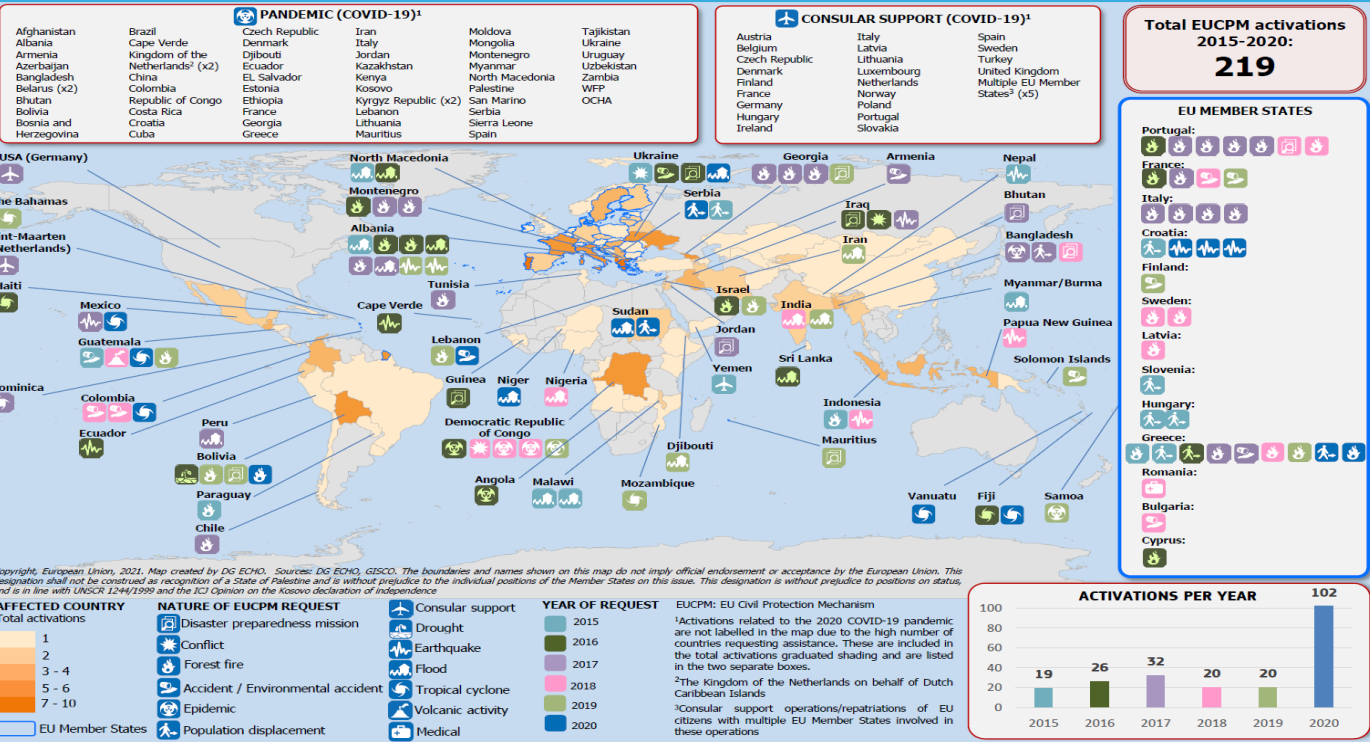
Country	Aircraft model	Aircraft No (capacity No)	Availability period	Status
France	Canadair CL-415	2 (1)		ECPP
Croatia	Canadair CL-415	2 (1)	15 Jun – 31 Oct	rescEU transition
Greece	Canadair CL-415	2 (1)	15 Jun – 31 Oct	rescEU transition
Italy	Canadair CL-415	2 (1)	15 Jun – 31 Oct	rescEU transition
Spain	Canadair CL-415	2 (1)	15 Jun – 31 Oct	rescEU transition
France	Dash	1 (1)	15 Jun – 31 Oct	rescEU transition
Sweden	Helicopter AS 350	6 (2)	1 Jun – 15 Oct	rescEU transition
Sweden	Fire boss	2 (1)	1 April – 31 Oct	rescEU



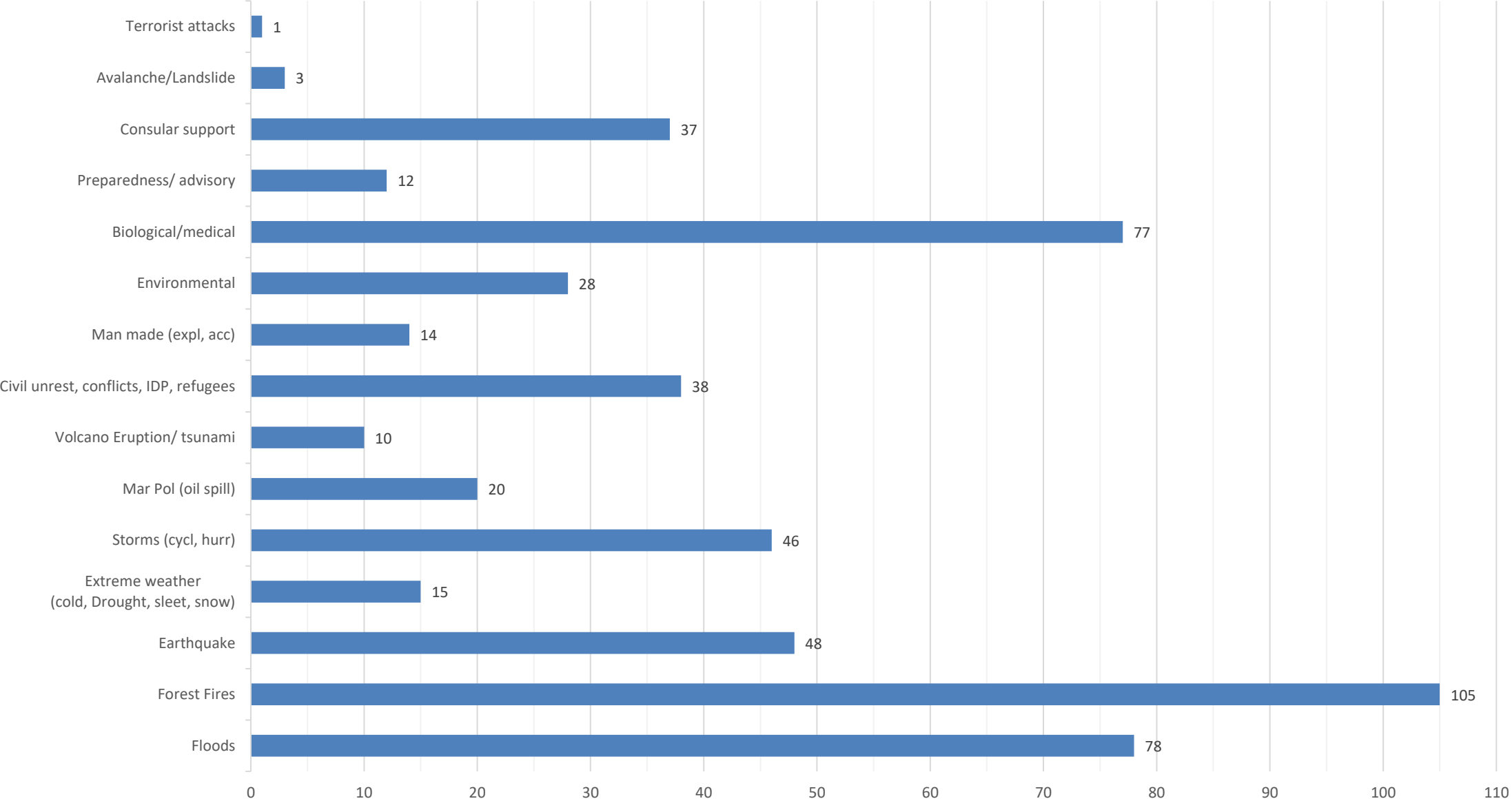
Emergency Response Coordination Centre (ERCC) | DG ECHO Daily Map – 17/08/2021
UCPM | rescEU aerial forest fire capacities in 2021



Emergency Response Coordination Centre (ERCC) | DG ECHO Daily Map | 11/01/2021
EUCPM Requests for Assistance: 2015 - 2020



UCPM Operations 2007-2021



UCPM response for COVID-19



Repatriations



In-kind assistance



rescEU



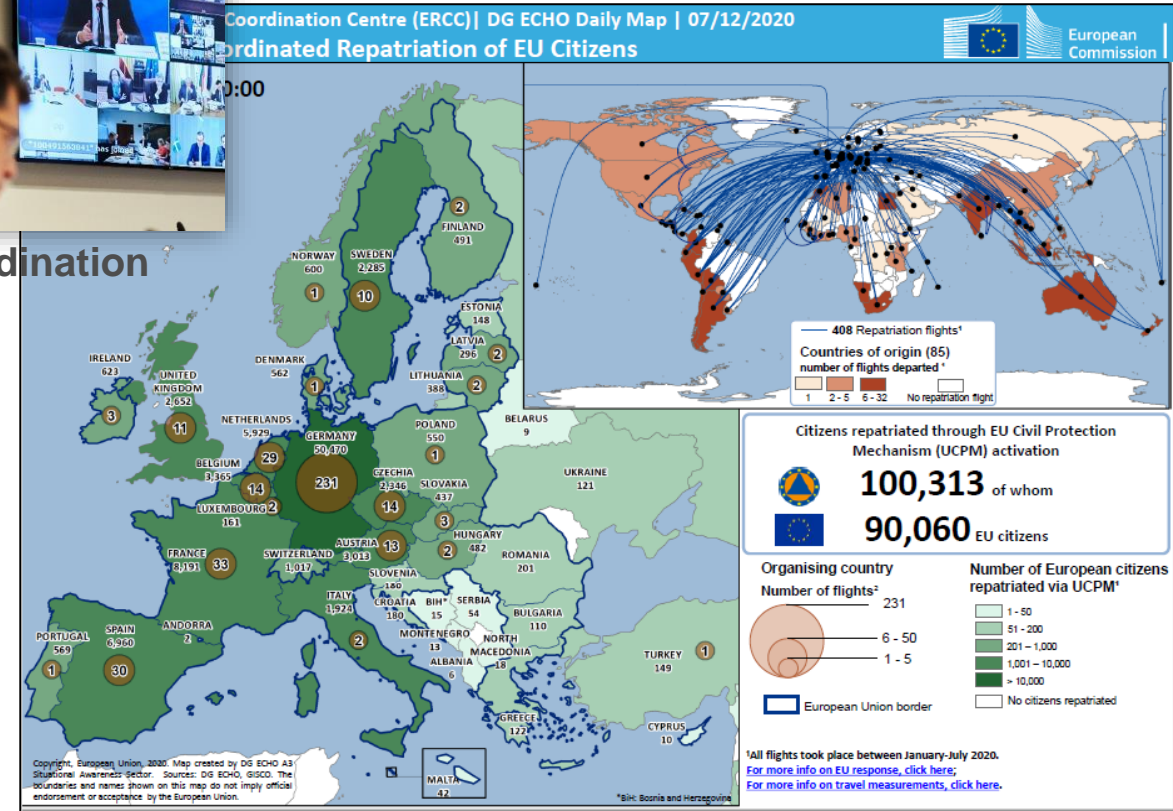
Humanitarian cargo



Medical teams



Coordination



The new UCPM legislative framework

The main features of the regulation – prevention and preparedness phase

Disaster Resilience Goals

- non-binding & via COM recommendations
- limited to the area of civil protection

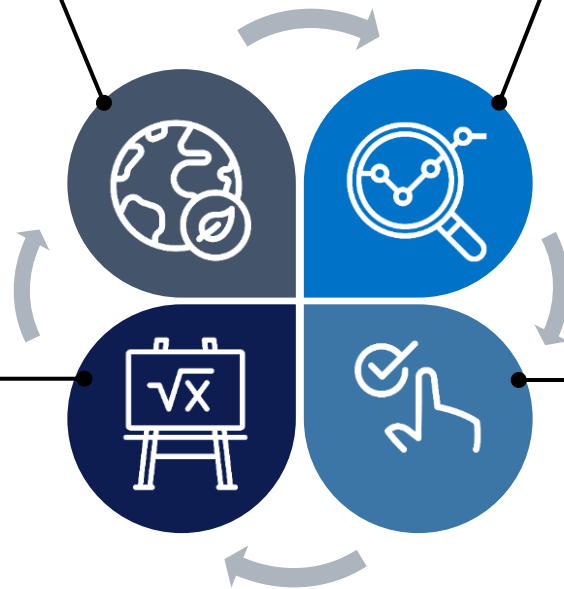
Disaster Loss Data



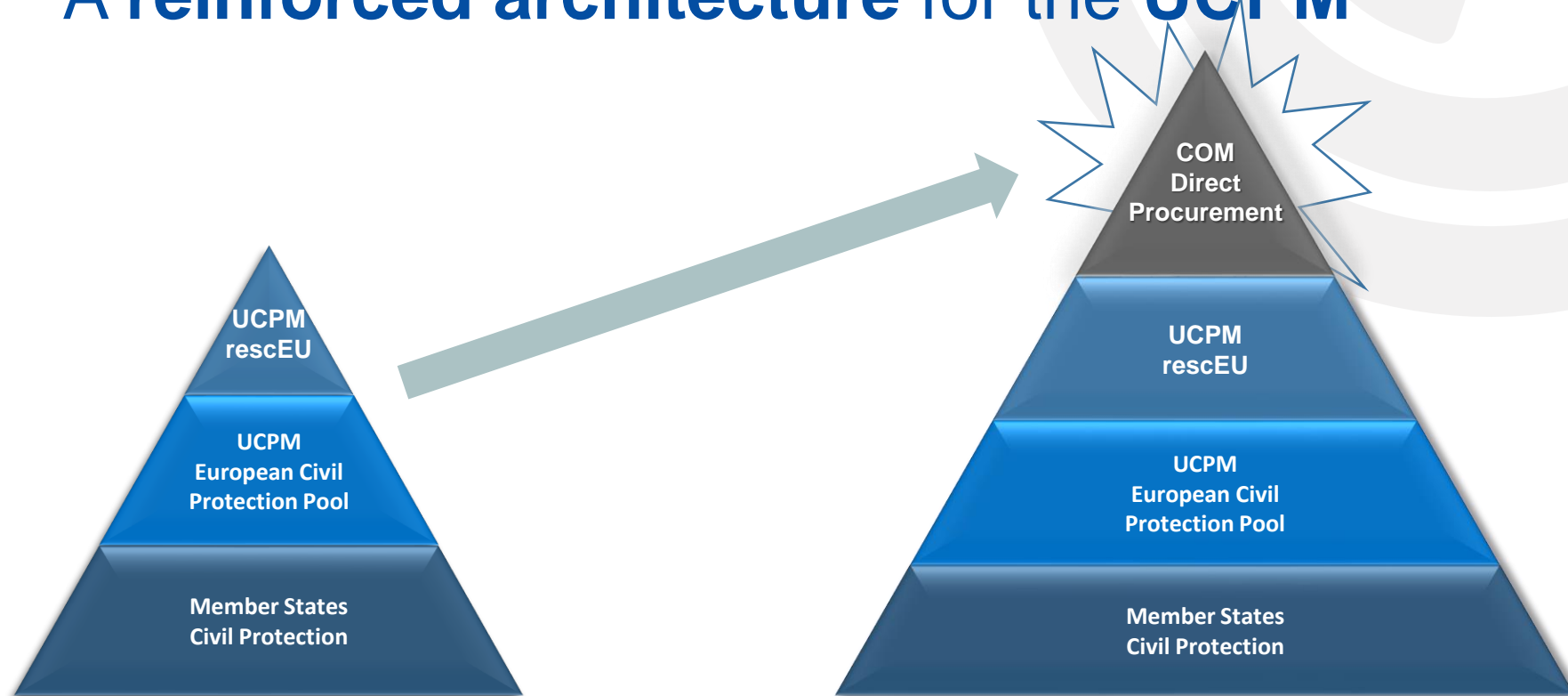
Disaster Scenario Planning



Build on linkages:



A reinforced architecture for the UCPM



The main features of the regulation - Direct procurement

Before

→ **only MS** can procure and host rescEU



Now

also the **Commission** can (directly) procure rescEU capacities, under specific conditions

Transport and logistics capacities

1. **always** possible (also in 'peace time')
2. **rent, lease or contract**, NO acquisition (and no ownership)
3. Implementing Act needed

(any other) rescEU capacity, existing or new

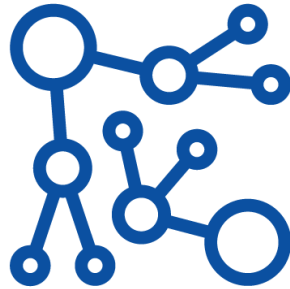
1. **only in** duly justified cases of **emergency**
2. **only items or assets**, NO modules!
3. Urgent Implementing Act needed
4. in force for 6 months, CPC to confirm or reject

OTHER PROVISIONS



**Environmental
disasters**

**Financial
support** for the
transport of
assistance



ERCC
**Strengthened
cooperation** with
national CP
authorities



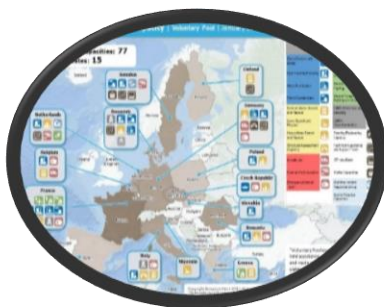
Green recital
The **UCPM**
contributes to
the EU **climate
objectives**



**Facilitation of
Experts**
**More technical
expertise** where
and when
needed

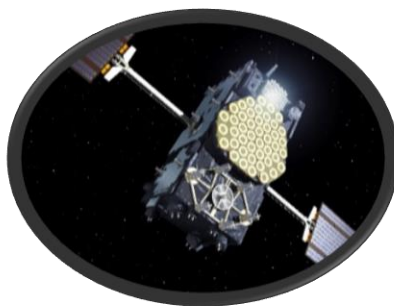


OTHER PROVISIONS



ECPP

Operational costs when deployed outside the EU



Galileo

Using emergency services provided by EU infrastructure



Situational awareness

Further develop **analysis capability**



Visibility

More visibility requirements for MS receiving funding or assistance



Union Civil Protection Knowledge Network

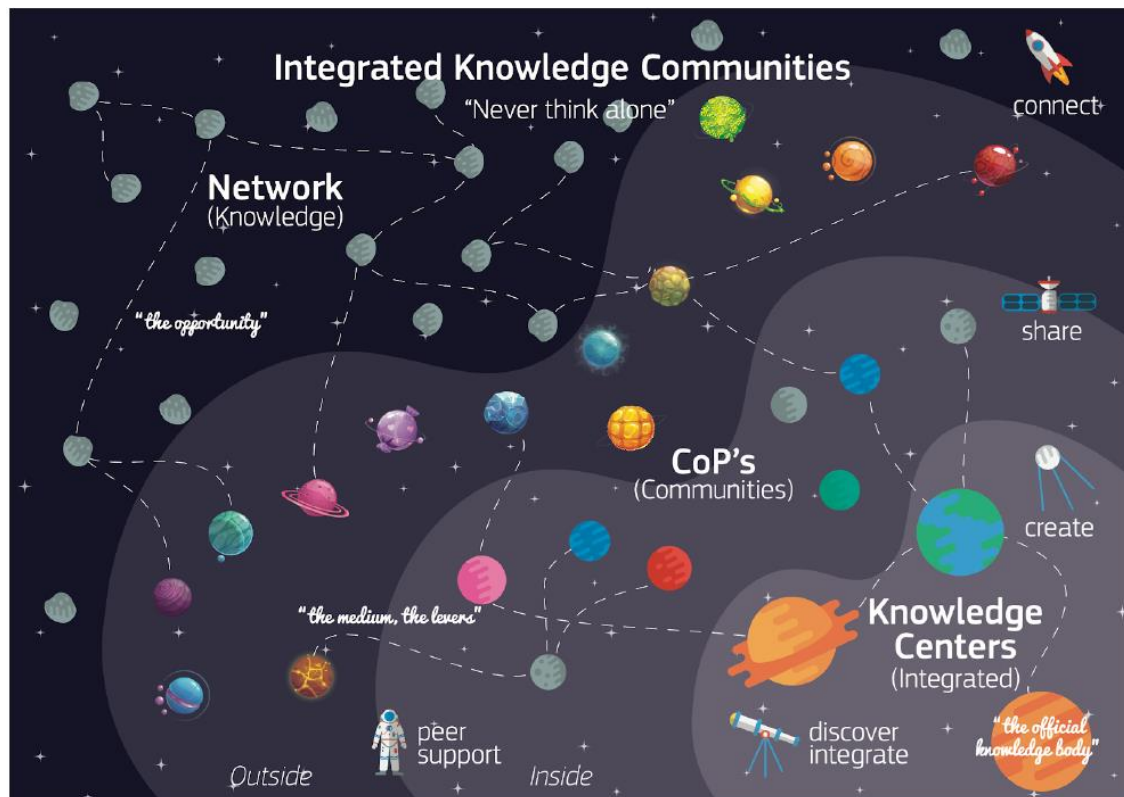


*“We know that resilience depends on **preparedness**. And preparedness depends on **knowledge** – and tools that deliver that knowledge to those who need it. This is the role of the Union Civil Protection Knowledge Network”.*

Commissioner Janez Lenarčič, 2021



THE ADDED VALUE OF THE NETWORK APPROACH



To **bring together** civil protection and disaster management experts and organisations, to work together to increase knowledge within the UCPM and to support the Union's ability and capacity to deal with disasters.

MISSION



VISION

To **strengthen the efficiency and effectiveness** of civil protection and disaster management in all phases of the disaster management cycle, and to support the objectives of the UCPM.



OBJECTIVES

AMBITION

In close cooperation with UCPM Member States/Participating States, to create an **agile and sustainable** Knowledge Network with **engaged and active** members that addresses emerging and changing needs and creates **mutual benefits** for all!

OBJECTIVES

- **Connecting** knowledge holders
- **Enhancing** coordination, cooperation, compatibility and complementarity between capacities
- **Improving** experts' skills and knowledge
- **Collecting** and sharing knowledge, good practices, lessons learnt, expertise
- **Stimulating** research and innovation
- **Developing** shared understanding and culture of prevention, preparedness and response

ACTIVITIES

Horizontal activities

Capacity Development

Science, Research & Innovation

The capacity development pillar

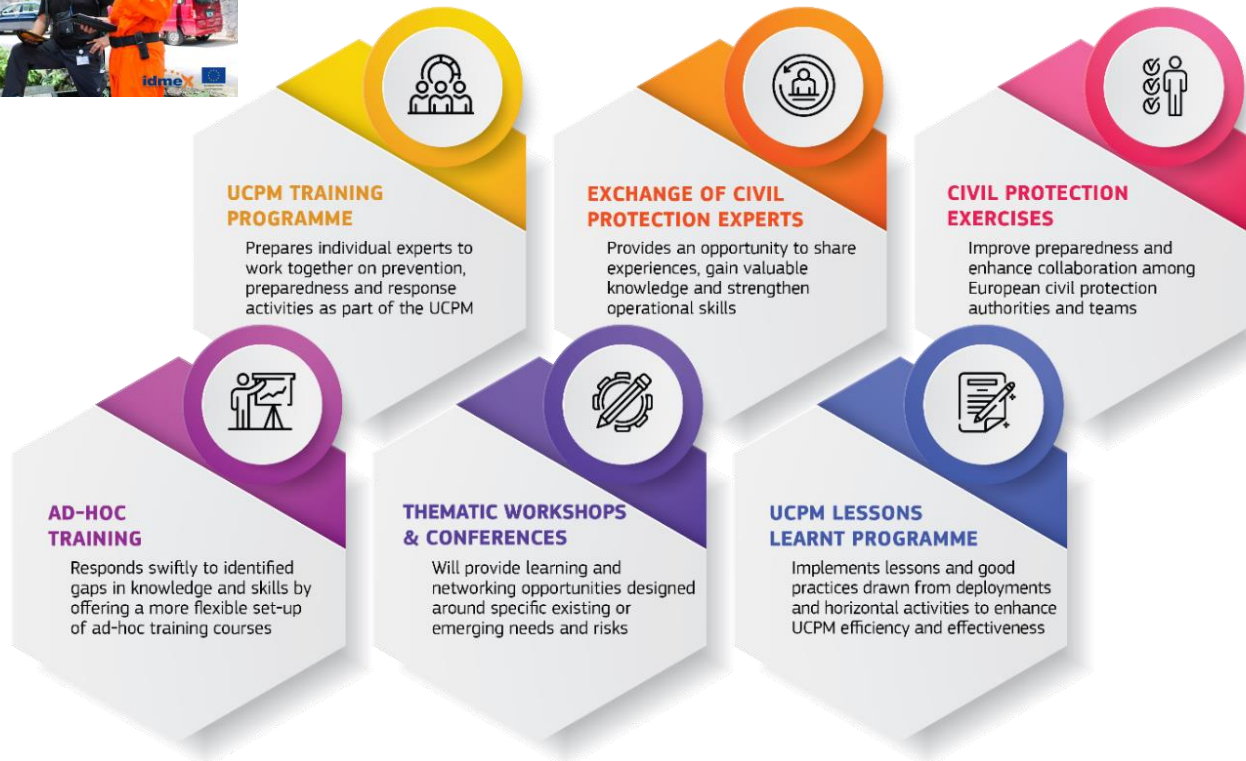
- UCPM Training Programme
- Exercises
- Exchange of experts
- UCPM Prevention and preparedness projects



<https://10years.eu-modex.eu/>



Benefits



**THANK YOU
FOR YOUR
ATTENTION**

